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How Your Data Are Used

To all of those who participate in our survey, Thank You! The data you provide are combined with those of many other respondents to produce monthly estimates of the number of persons employed in each industry, their average earnings, and the weekly hours for which they are paid. Many economic decisions are based on our estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. Your timely participation assures the accuracy of these important data.

DATA USES:

☒ By business to:

- compare their current employment and payroll trends with the industry as a whole
- plan and respond to changes in the business cycle
- guide decisions on plant locations, sales, and purchases
- negotiate labor contracts based on industry hourly earning and weekly hours

☒ By policymakers, such as:

- Council of Economic Advisors, to assess the current state of the economy and recommend actions
- Federal Reserve Board, to guide decision affecting interest rates and money supply
- Joint Economic Committee of Congress, to determine the impact of legislative initiatives
- State and Local government officials, to monitor their industry trends and compare them with the rest of the country

☒ Also a major component of other economic indicators, such as:

- Gross National Product (GNP)
- Productivity Indexes
- Composite Index of Leading Economic Indicators

Remember, your individual firm responses are kept strictly confidential and are used only for statistical purposes.

If you are interested in participating or need more information about Current Employment Statistics publications and news releases, contact the Department of Workforce Development/Research and Analysis – Current Employment Statistics (CES) at 317-232-7715.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT TABLES FOR INDIANA

(employment expressed in 1000s)

INDIANA STATEWIDE SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES -- APRIL 2007

Supersector/Aggregat.	curr mo	prev mo rev	year ago	month chg	year chg	month %	year %
Total Nonfarm	2977.0	2975.5	2970.4	1.5	6.6	0.1%	0.2%
Total Private	2550.4	2547.1	2545.3	3.3	5.1	0.1%	0.2%
Goods Producing	719.7	715.8	726.2	3.9	-6.5	0.5%	-0.9%
Service-Providing	2257.3	2259.7	2244.2	-2.4	13.1	-0.1%	0.6%
Natural Res. & Mining	6.9	6.7	6.9	0.2	0.0	3.0%	0.0%
Construction	154.1	152.1	149.8	2.0	4.3	1.3%	2.9%
Manufacturing	558.7	557.0	569.5	1.7	-10.8	0.3%	-1.9%
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	589.1	590.3	584.2	-1.2	4.9	-0.2%	0.8%
Information	40.1	40.1	40.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0%	-0.2%
Financial Activities	140.1	140.0	139.9	0.1	0.2	0.1%	0.1%
Profess. & Business Serv	280.6	279.3	279.6	1.3	1.0	0.5%	0.4%
Educ. & Health Services	389.9	389.3	384.7	0.6	5.2	0.2%	1.4%
Leisure & Hospitality	279.6	280.5	279.4	-0.9	0.2	-0.3%	0.1%
Other Services	111.3	111.8	111.1	-0.5	0.2	-0.4%	0.2%
Government	426.6	428.4	425.1	-1.8	1.5	-0.4%	0.4%

2007 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Supersector/Aggregat.	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Running AVG
Total Nonfarm	2970.1	2963.4	2975.5	2977.0									2971.5
Total Private	2543.5	2536.0	2547.1	2550.4									2544.3
Goods Producing	714.1	707.2	715.8	719.7									714.2
Service-Providing	2256.0	2256.2	2259.7	2257.3									2257.3
Natural Res. & Mining	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.9									6.8
Construction	148.4	143.0	152.1	154.1									149.4
Manufacturing	558.8	557.4	557.0	558.7									558.0
Trade, Trans. & Utilities	590.4	588.6	590.3	589.1									589.6
Information	40.1	40.2	40.1	40.1									40.1
Financial Activities	140.4	140.2	140.0	140.1									140.2
Profess. & Business Serv	279.8	280.2	279.3	280.6									280.0
Educ. & Health Services	387.2	387.7	389.3	389.9									388.5
Leisure & Hospitality	280.1	280.5	280.5	279.6									280.2
Other Services	111.4	111.4	111.8	111.3									111.5
Government	426.6	427.4	428.4	426.6									427.3

2006 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Supersector/Aggregat.	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Running AVG
Total Nonfarm	2972.5	2975.4	2980.4	2970.4	2969.2	2976.6	2963.5	2970.3	2971.7	2980.5	2980.6	2980.6	2974.3
Total Private	2547.8	2549.9	2554.7	2545.3	2543.3	2550.7	2541.3	2544.2	2546.0	2550.3	2550.3	2550.1	2547.8
Goods Producing	729.6	727.3	728.5	726.2	723.4	726.0	721.1	720.6	719.0	720.0	718.9	718.9	723.3
Service-Providing	2242.9	2248.1	2251.9	2244.2	2245.8	2250.6	2242.4	2249.7	2252.7	2260.5	2261.7	2261.7	2251.0
Natural Res. & Mining	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Construction	151.2	151.1	151.1	149.8	150.0	150.4	148.7	149.6	149.9	150.9	151.6	151.7	150.5
Manufacturing	571.5	569.4	570.6	569.5	566.4	568.6	565.4	564.0	562.1	560.3	560.2	560.2	565.8
Trade, Trans. & Utilities	585.4	585.9	586.9	584.2	584.7	585.6	584.8	585.2	585.8	587.2	588.0	587.9	586.0
Information	40.0	40.3	40.0	40.2	40.0	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.9	39.7	39.8	40.1	40.0
Financial Activities	140.1	140.2	140.1	139.9	139.8	139.7	139.4	139.2	139.7	140.3	140.2	140.5	139.9
Profess. & Business Serv	278.1	278.9	280.5	279.6	280.3	281.0	279.2	281.6	281.5	282.4	282.1	281.7	280.6
Educ. & Health Services	382.7	384.1	385.1	384.7	385.2	387.7	386.9	387.5	388.5	387.9	387.7	388.2	386.4
Leisure & Hospitality	280.8	282.2	282.4	279.4	278.6	279.5	279.1	279.2	280.2	281.6	282.3	281.5	280.6
Other Services	111.1	111.0	111.2	111.1	111.1	111.2	110.9	111.1	111.4	111.2	111.3	111.3	111.2
Government	424.7	425.5	425.7	425.1	425.9	425.9	422.2	426.1	425.7	430.2	430.3	430.5	426.5

Note on seasonally adjusted employment:

Each year BLS calculates seasonal factors and seasonally adjusted data using the X-12 ARIMA model. In the past, the procedure has been to adjust data only at the supersector level. Beginning with the 2006 benchmark, however, most data has been adjusted at the 2-digit NAICS level and aggregated to the supersector level. In addition, for some series, the adjustment was based on a longer time series than used in the past. These changes have resulted in a higher degree of seasonal movement in the data.

Sector to NAICS Supersector Aggregation

GOODS-PRODUCING

Natural Resources and Mining

Sector 1133 (Logging -- actually an industry, rather than a sector)

Sector 21 (Mining)

Construction

Sector 23 (Construction)

Manufacturing

Sector 31-33 (Manufacturing)

SERVICE-PROVIDING

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities

Sector 42 (Wholesale trade)

Sector 44-45 (Retail trade)

Sector 48-49 (Transportation and warehousing)

Sector 22 (Utilities)

Information

Sector 51 (Information)

Financial Activities

Sector 52 (Finance and insurance)

Sector 53 (Real estate and rental and leasing)

Professional and Business Services

Sector 54 (Professional, science, and technical services)

Sector 55 (Management of companies and enterprises)

Sector 56 (Administrative and waste services)

Education and Health Services

Sector 61 (Education services)

Sector 62 (Health care and social assistance)

Leisure and Hospitality

Sector 71 (Arts, entertainment, and recreation)

Sector 72 (Accommodation and food services)

Other services

Sector 81 (Other services, except public administration)

Government

Sector 92 (Public administration)

Indiana Statewide Narrative Analysis

APRIL 2007

TOTAL NON-FARM 2,977,000
+1,500(+0.1%)O.T.M ; +6,600(+0.2%)O.T.Y.

Over-the-month employment was little changed, although Manufacturing produced its first monthly increase since June 2006 and Construction showed continued strength, gaining 2,000 jobs in April and 11,100 thus far during the spring buildup. Trade, Transportation & Utilities and Leisure & Hospitality posted small declines that may be attributable to unusually cool April weather and an early Easter holiday.

Total Non-Farm employment is also little changed when compared to one year ago. A loss of 10,800 factory jobs was more than offset by gains in Construction and the Service-Providing sectors.

NATURAL RESOURCES & MINING 6,900
+200(+3.0%)O.T.M; 0.0(0.0)O.T.Y.

Natural Resources & Mining added 200 jobs over the month. Although this was the sector's largest over-the-month gain since January 2005, employment is unchanged over the year. National industry employment increased by just 2,000 jobs (+0.3%) over the month and is higher by 39,000 (+5.8%) over the year.

CONSTRUCTION 154,100
+2,000(+1.3%)O.T.M; +4,300(+2.9%)O.T.Y.

Seasonally adjusted Construction employment increased by 2,000 jobs over the month. Before adjustment, 9,500 workers were hired in April, the peak month in the industry's seasonal buildup. Employment gains have averaged 9,200 over the last five years. Specialty Trade Contractors added the most workers, 4,900, while Heavy & Civil Engineering grew by 3,200 and Construction of Buildings increased by 1,400 over the month.

Construction employment is significantly higher (+2.9%) when compared to last year. A few major industrial projects as well as substantial highway construction most likely account for the increase. Conversely, national construction employment has declined slightly over the year.

MANUFACTURING 558,700
+1,700(+0.3%)O.T.Y; -10,800(-1.9%) O.T.Y.

Factory employment reversed trend by adding 1,700 jobs in April to mark its first monthly increase since June 2006. Increased production in Motor Vehicles, Fabricated Metals and Non-Durable Goods accounted for the growth.

Over-the-year factory employment remains lower by 10,800 jobs. The Transportation Equipment sector (-8,100) accounted for much of the job loss, although Chemical and Plastics Manufacturing also declined. Food Manufacturing grew by 1,200 jobs, the largest increase among the industry sectors when compared to one year ago.

National factory employment fell by 19,000 (-0.1%) jobs over the month and is lower by 151,000 (-1.1%) when compared to last year. Motor Vehicles & Parts manufacturing continued to shed jobs while Machinery also contributed significantly to the over-the-month loss.

TRADE, TRANSPORTATION & UTILITIES	589,100
-1,200(-0.2%)O.T.M; +4,900(+0.8%) O.T.Y.	

This supersector's employment stumbled over the month, losing 1,200 workers when seasonally adjusted. Retail stores revealed the largest employee deficit, most other components edging downward. Building Materials along with Transportation and Warehousing were among the few components that increased staff.

Over the year, Trade, Transportation & Utilities gained 4,900 jobs. Transportation, Warehouse & Utilities components added 2,200 workers; Retail Trade, 1,900 jobs and Wholesale Trade 1,700. Building Materials had 700 fewer worker and Motor Vehicles & Parts Stores reduced employment by 500 over the year.

INFORMATION	40,100
0.0(0.0%)O.T.M.; -100(-0.2%)O.T.Y.	

The sector was unchanged for the month of April and the year-ago comparison yielded very little change when seasonally adjusted.

FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	140,100
+100(+0.1%)O.T.M; +200(+0.1%)O.T.Y.	

Employment in Financial Activities was steady for April. Credit Intermediation posted a small gain, while the remaining major components remained virtually unchanged.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	280,600
+1,300(+0.5%)O.T.M; +1,000 (+0.4)O.T.Y.	

In April the Professional & Business Services industry sector registered an increase of 1,300 employees when seasonally adjusted. April's industry level of 280,600 equals 2006's monthly average.

Over the year, 1,000 jobs were added to the payrolls. Employment Services accounted for the majority of the increase.

EDUCATION, HEALTH & SOCIAL SERVICES	389,900
+600(+0.2%)O.T.M; +5,200(+1.4%)O.T.Y.	

Since March this industry has added 600 jobs when seasonally adjusted. Employment has increased each month since January, totaling 2,700 to date.

Employment in the Education, Health & Social Services industry showed an increase of 5,200 when compared to last year. Both the Education and Health Services segments revealed noteworthy gains.

LEISURE & HOSPITALITY SERVICES
-900(-0.3%)O.T.M.; +200(+0.1%)O.T.Y.

279,600

Since March Leisure & Hospitality Services has dropped 900 employees when seasonally adjusted. Unusually cool weather during the reference period appeared to have an adverse effect on outdoor activities.

When compared to last April, the industry showed a meager gain of 200 jobs. Most segments showed little movement.

OTHER SERVICES
-500(-0.4%)O.T.M; +200(+0.2%)O.T.Y.

111,300

The seasonally adjusted data show a downturn of 500 jobs for the month of April 2007 and a small net gain of 200 jobs over the April 2006 level.

GOVERNMENT
-1,800(-0.4%)O.T.M; +1,500(+0.4%)O.T.Y.

426,600

Government employment inched lower over the month. The lower job numbers in the sector resulted from earlier-than-normal spring break furloughs in Local Government Education (-3,000 before adjustment). Over the year employment is higher by 1,500 jobs. Local Government accounts for all of the increase.

**Nonagricultural Establishment Employment in Indiana Statewide
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)
APRIL, 2007**

INDIANA STATEWIDE In Thousands, not seasonally adjusted	Employment		Avg. Weekly Earnings		Avg. Weekly Hours		Avg. Hourly Earnings	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	2984.4	2959.6						
Total Private	2545.5	2517.6						
Goods Producing	717.1	706.0						
Service-Providing	2267.3	2253.6						
Private Service Providing	1828.4	1811.6						
Natural Resources & Mining	6.9	6.6						
Construction	152.9	143.4	\$839.54	\$871.54	37.8	39.1	\$22.21	\$22.29
Construction of Buildings	40.6	39.2						
Heavy & Civil Engineering	18.0	14.8						
Specialty Trade Contractors	94.3	89.4						
Manufacturing	557.3	556.0	\$778.74	\$783.33	40.9	41.8	\$19.04	\$18.74
Durable Goods	409.1	408.0	\$824.93	\$822.31	41.6	42.3	\$19.83	\$19.44
Primary Metal Manufacturing	45.8	46.0						
Iron & Steel Mills	18.7	18.8						
Fabricated Metal Products	58.9	58.6	\$600.09	\$603.17	41.3	41.2	\$14.53	\$14.64
Machinery Manufacturing	45.9	45.9	\$893.45	\$874.64	46.9	46.4	\$19.05	\$18.85
Engine, Turbine, & Power Train	11.7	11.8						
Computer & Electronic	21.1	21.2						
Electrical Equipment	11.6	11.6						
Transportation Equipment	131.8	131.5	\$962.80	\$973.99	41.5	42.7	\$23.20	\$22.81
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	13.2	12.8						
Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer	37.9	38.0						
Motor Vehicle Parts	69.0	69.4	\$950.84	\$927.50	44.0	43.2	\$21.61	\$21.47
Aerospace Products	6.9	6.9						
Office Furniture	8.9	8.9						
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	30.2	30.1						
Medical Equipment	17.9	17.9						
Non-Durable Goods	148.2	148.0	\$654.42	\$677.97	39.0	40.5	\$16.78	\$16.74
Food Manufacturing	32.4	32.4						
Chemical Manufacturing	31.2	31.2						
Plastics Product Manufacturing	34.8	34.7	\$537.85	\$550.02	38.5	39.4	\$13.97	\$13.96
Trade, Transportation	585.4	582.4						
Wholesale Trade	124.5	123.1						
Merchant Wholesale	77.6	77.4						
Merchant Wholesale	39.0	38.3						
Retail Trade	327.9	326.8	\$343.82	\$337.64	31.2	30.5	\$11.02	\$11.07
Grocery Stores	41.6	41.7						
Health & Personal Stores	20.7	20.8						

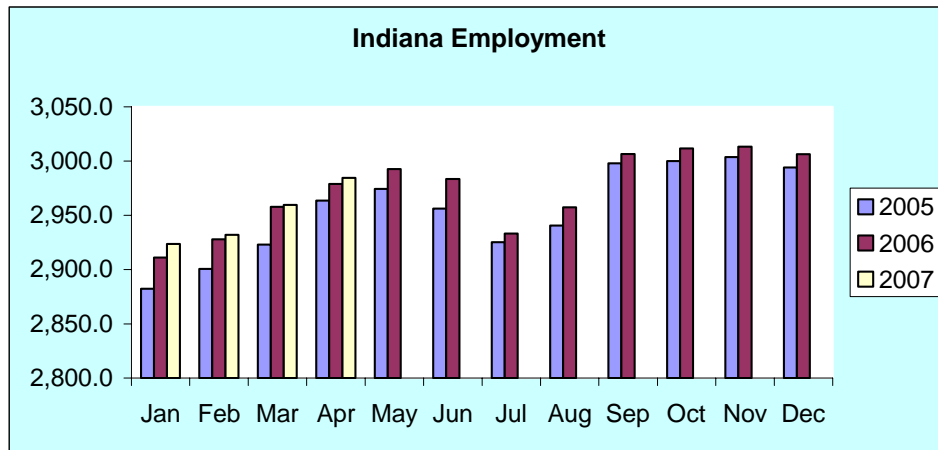
Made in Cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

General Merchandise	73.3	73.7						
Department Stores	26.1	26.1						
Other General Merchandise	47.2	47.6						
Electronic Shopping	3.2	3.2						
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	133.0	132.5						
Utilities	14.9	14.9						
Elec.Pwr Gen Tran	10.9	10.9						
Transport & Warehousing	118.1	117.6						
Truck Transportation	53.6	53.3						
General Freight Trucking	40.2	40.1	\$684.16	\$692.96	39.8	40.5	\$17.19	\$17.11
Warehousing & Storage	24.4	24.3						
Information	39.9	39.9						
Telecommunications	14.9	14.9						
Wired Telecommunication	8.9	8.8						
Financial Activities	139.4	139.1	\$474.08	\$474.79	35.3	35.3	\$13.43	\$13.45
Finance & Insurance	102.5	102.4						
Credit Intermediation	50.6	50.3						
Insurance Carriers & Related	44.1	44.2						
Insurance Carriers	26.8	26.9						
Real Estate & Rental	36.9	36.7						
Real Estate	24.1	24.0						
Professional & Business	279.9	275.0						
Professional, Scie & Tech	94.5	94.4						
Management of Companies	26.5	26.5						
Administrative & Support	158.9	154.1						
Administrative & Support Svcs	153.3	148.6						
Employment Services	83.3	81.8						
Educational & Health Care	393.4	392.1						
Educational Services	71.6	71.3						
Colleges, Universities	38.5	38.7						
Health Care & Social Services	321.8	320.8	\$597.29	\$591.18	32.8	32.5	\$18.21	\$18.19
Offices of Physicians	47.7	47.7						
Medical and Diagnostic	5.2	5.2						
Hospitals	103.2	103.1						
Nursing & Residential	67.6	67.4						
Social Assistance	43.1	41.5						
Leisure & Hospitality	278.6	271.8						
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation	42.7	38.9						
Amusement, Gambling	33.8	31.3						
Gambling Industries	14.4	14.1						
Accommodation & Food	235.9	232.9	\$211.75	\$213.19	23.9	23.9	\$8.86	\$8.92
Food Services & Drinking	216.7	213.9	\$198.37	\$197.54	23.9	23.8	\$8.30	\$8.30
Full-Service Restaurants	96.0	94.6						
Limited-Service Eating	103.2	101.3						
Personal & Laundry	26.9	26.5						
Religious, Grantmaking	57.7	57.7						
Government	438.9	442.0						
Federal Government	36.5	36.4						
Department of Defense	7.9	7.8						

Made in Cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

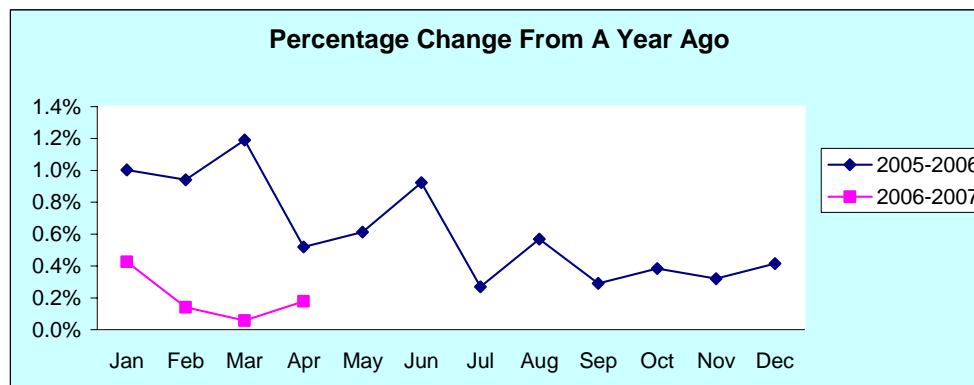
US Postal Service	15.3	15.3
State Government	116.2	116.5
State Govt. Education	80.8	79.5
Local Government	286.2	289.1
Local Govt Education	159.3	162.3
Hospitals	27.9	28.0

Indiana Non-Farm Employment Graph April, 2007



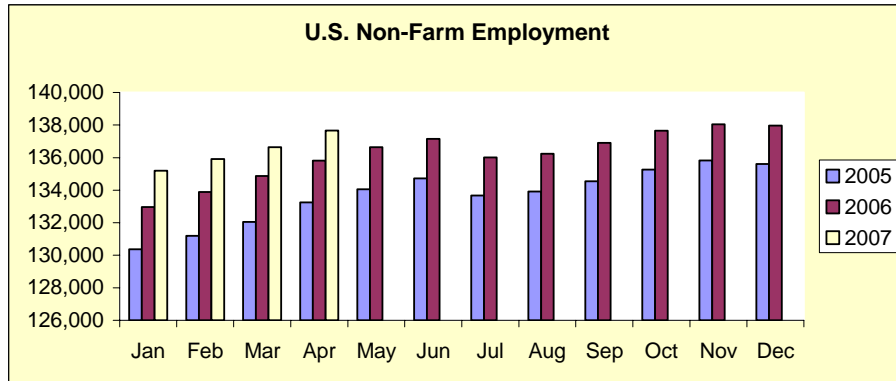
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2005	2,882.2	2,900.6	2,923.1	2,963.7	2,974.5	2,956.2	2,925.3	2,940.6	2,997.9	3,000.0	3,003.7	2,994.0
2006	2,911.1	2,927.9	2,957.9	2,979.1	2,992.7	2,983.5	2,933.2	2,957.3	3,006.6	3,011.5	3,013.3	3,006.4
2007	2,923.5	2,932.0	2,959.6	2,984.4								

Percent Change from a Year Ago												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2005-06	1.0%	0.9%	1.2%	0.5%	0.6%	0.9%	0.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%
2006-07	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%								



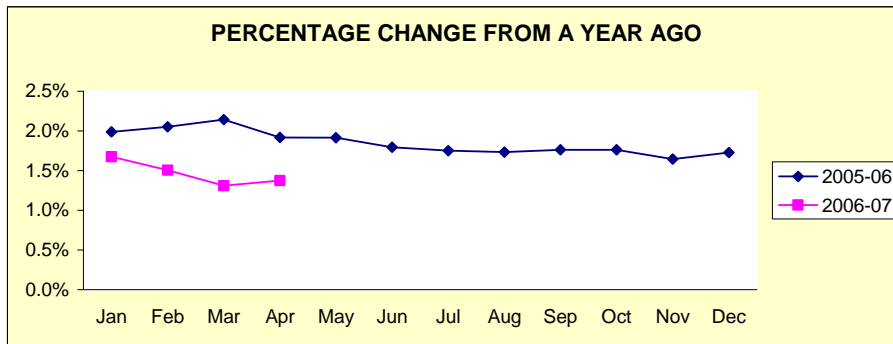
EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

United States Non-Farm Employment Graph April, 2007



Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2005	130,368	131,195	132,038	133,247	134,060	134,728	133,665	133,910	134,533	135,260	135,817	135,615
2006	132,962	133,887	134,868	135,802	136,629	137,145	136,006	136,231	136,906	137,643	138,052	137,959
2007	135,189	135,904	136,635	137,668								

PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM A YEAR AGO												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2005-06	2.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.9%	1.9%	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.8%	1.8%	1.6%	1.7%
2006-07	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.4%								

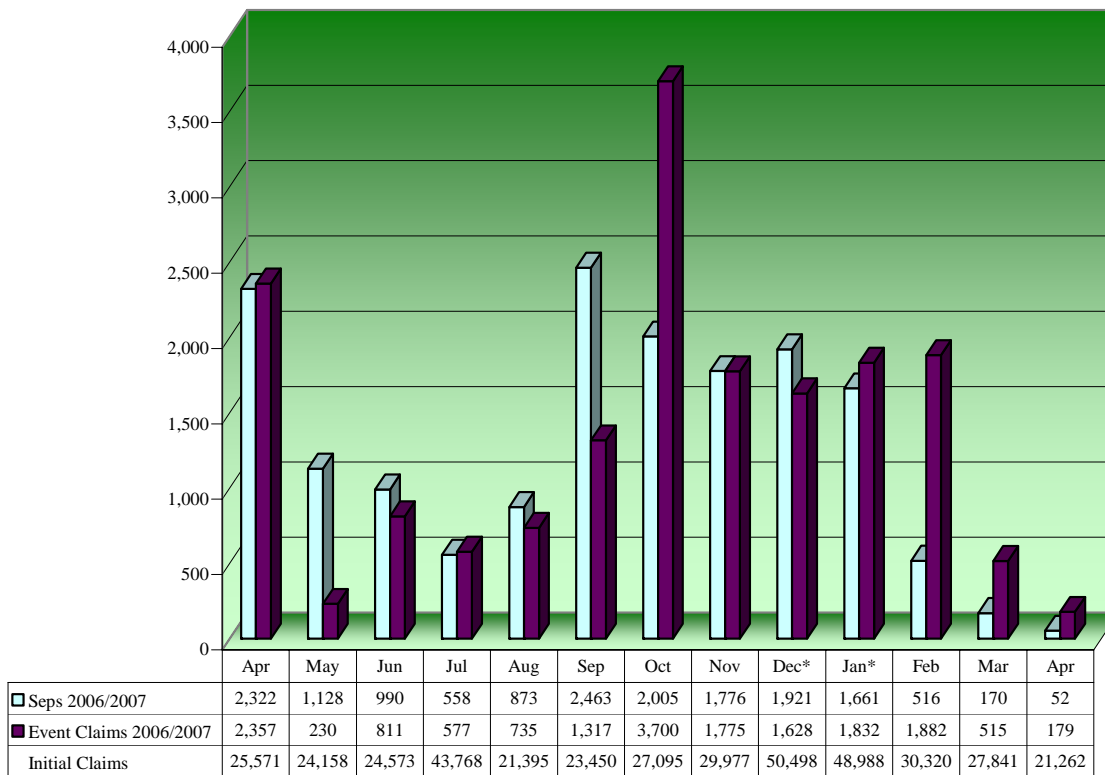


EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Employers with Mass Layoffs **

Initial Claims and Separations

April, 2006, to April, 2007 *



The Mass Layoff Statistics Program is a State-Federal cooperative statistical program designed to identify, describe, and track large job cutbacks. The program relies on establishment and unemployment claims data from State Unemployment Insurance (UI) systems, as well as, information from employer interviews. Establishments that have 50 or more (20 or more for state events) initial UI claims filed against them within a five-week period are identified as having potential mass layoffs. Once identified, employers are interviewed by phone or sent a survey form to determine the size and duration of the layoffs. Mass layoffs are defined as separations lasting more than 30 days.

The following are the common causes for the difference between claims and separations:

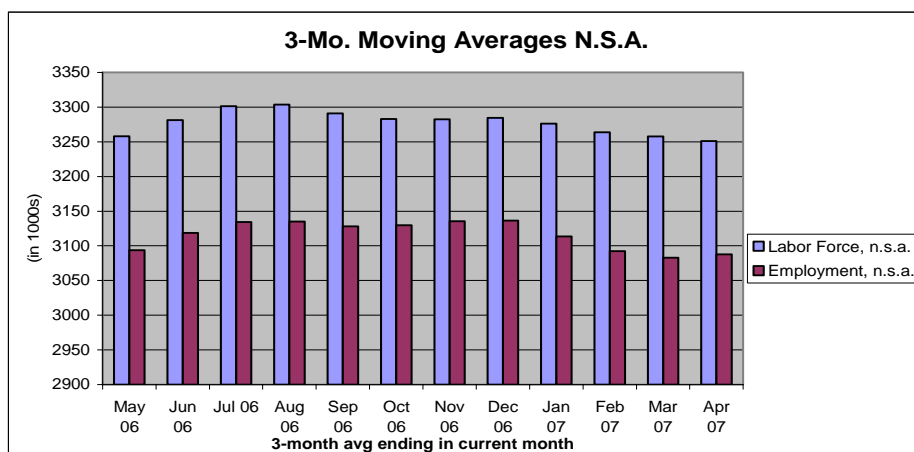
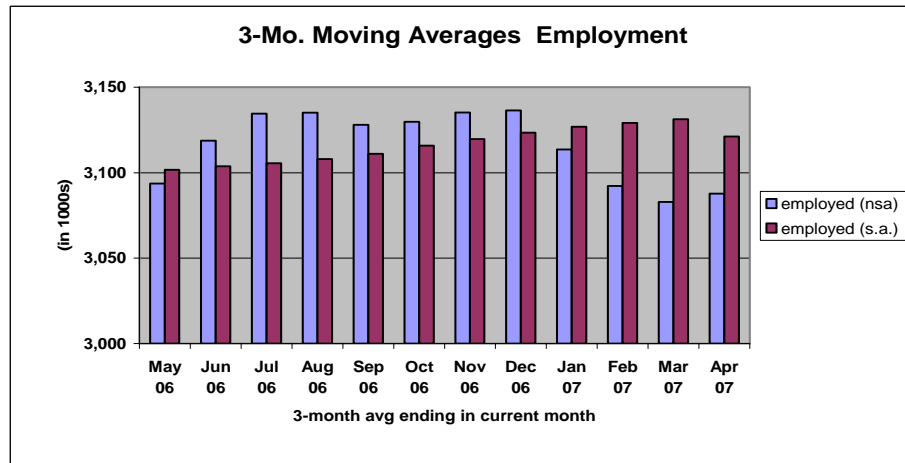
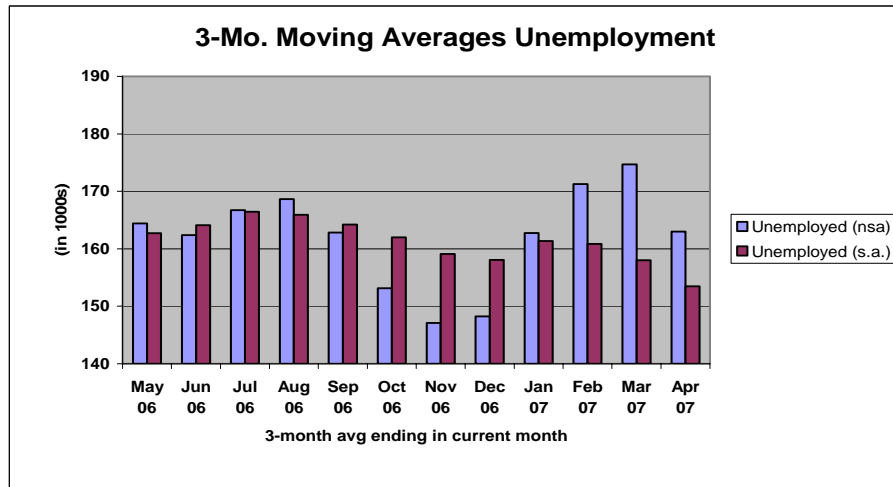
Separations greater than Claims: No claim filed because of early retirement/separation packages, previously obtained employment, simultaneous employment, or individual left the workforce.

Claims greater than Separations: Larger number of people separated than initially determined by employer and/or people who will be recalled in less than 30 days included in claims. Also, discharges and voluntary quits are included in the claim count.

* Preliminary numbers for April, 2007

** Seasonal layoffs not included

Labor Force Estimates -- 3-Month Moving Averages
(Seasonally-Adjusted and Non-Seasonally-Adjusted)



Anderson MSA

Madison Co.

Bloomington MSA

Greene Co.

Monroe Co.

Owen Co.

Columbus MSA

Bartholomew Co.

Elkhart-Goshen MSA

Elkhart Co.

Evansville IN-KY MSA

Gibson Co.

Posey Co.

Vanderburgh Co.

Warrick Co.

*Henderson Co. KY**Webster Co. KY***Fort Wayne MSA**

Allen Co.

Wells Co.

Whitley Co.

Gary Metropolitan**Div of Chicago CSA**

Jasper Co.

Lake Co.

Newton Co.

Porter Co.

Indianapolis-Carmel IN MSA

Boone Co.

Brown Co.

Hamilton Co.

Hancock Co.

Hendricks Co.

Johnson Co.

Marion Co.

Morgan Co.

Putnam Co.

Shelby Co.

Kokomo MSA

Howard Co.

Tipton Co.

Lafayette MSA

Benton Co.

Carroll Co.

Tippecanoe Co.

Michigan City-LaPorte MSA

LaPorte Co.

Muncie MSA

Delaware Co.

South Bend-Mishawaka IN/MI MSA

St. Joseph Co.

*Cass Co. MI***Terre Haute MSA**

Clay Co.

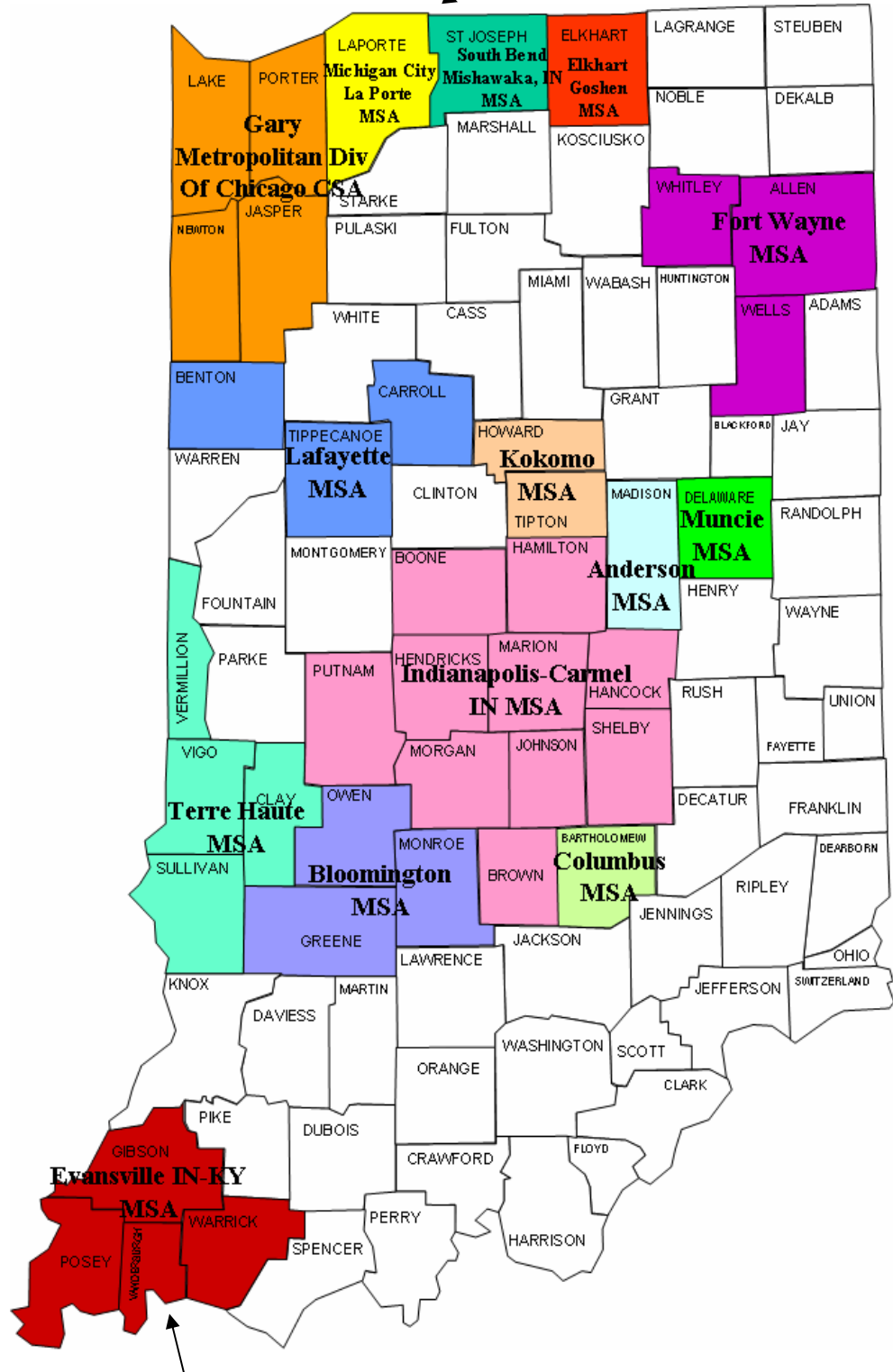
Sullivan Co.

Vermillion Co.

Vigo Co.

Indiana Metropolitan Areas and Counties Map

South Bend-Mishawaka IN MSA
Also Includes
Cass Co. MI



Evansville IN-KY
MSA Also Includes
Henderson Co. KY
Webster Co. KY

MSA Highlights
APRIL, 2007
Over-the-Month Change
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Anderson	+100	No significant changes.
Bloomington	+900	Leisure & Hospitality and State Government were the major contributors
Columbus	+300	Most industries were unchanged.
Elkhart-Goshen	+700	Durable Goods along with Wholesale Trade led to the employment increase..
Evansville	+900	The seasonal buildup in Mining & Construction produced this gain.
Fort Wayne	+2,200	Construction, Professional & Business Services, and Leisure & Hospitality led the increase
Gary-Hammond	+1,600	Professional & Business Services and Leisure & Hospitality added an estimated 1,000 workers - representing nearly two-thirds of the gain.
Indianapolis-Carmel	+10,200	Several major components led to the increase: Leisure & Hospitality (+3,000), Construction (+2,600) and Professional & Business Services (+2,400).
Kokomo	+300	Leisure & Hospitality lifted up this MSA's employment.
Lafayette	+1,300	Durable Goods Manufacturing, Leisure & Hospitality, and State Government fueled the expansion.
Michigan City-LaPorte	+400	The majority of the sectors held steady for the month.
Muncie	+300	There were small increases scattered throughout.
South Bend-Mishawaka	+300	Meager gains out weighed the components that reported losses.
Terre Haute	+500	Small gains in both Goods Producing and Service Providing sectors.

MSA Hours and Earnings

APRIL, 2007

MSA Hours and Earnings for APRIL, 2007

Elkhart - Goshen MSA	<u>Avg. Weekly Earnings</u>		<u>Avg. Weekly Hours</u>		<u>Avg. Hourly Earnings</u>	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Manufacturing	\$610.74	\$615.46	40.5	40.2	\$15.08	\$15.31
Durable Goods	\$644.04	\$637.07	41.1	40.5	\$15.67	\$15.73

Evansville, IN - Henderson, KY MSA	<u>Avg. Weekly Earnings</u>		<u>Avg. Weekly Hours</u>		<u>Avg. Hourly Earnings</u>	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Manufacturing	\$860.71	\$847.24	39.5	38.9	\$21.79	\$21.78
Retail Trade	\$402.67	\$384.47	33.5	32.2	\$12.02	\$11.94

Fort Wayne MSA	<u>Avg. Weekly Earnings</u>		<u>Avg. Weekly Hours</u>		<u>Avg. Hourly Earnings</u>	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Manufacturing	\$701.97	\$709.40	40.6	40.7	\$17.29	\$17.43
Retail Trade	\$343.69	\$338.84	29.3	30.2	\$11.73	\$11.22

Gary Metropolitan Div (of Chicago CSA)	<u>Avg. Weekly Earnings</u>		<u>Avg. Weekly Hours</u>		<u>Avg. Hourly Earnings</u>	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Manufacturing	\$891.75	\$834.29	41.0	42.2	\$21.75	\$19.77
Retail Trade	\$296.24	\$298.29	29.1	30.1	\$10.18	\$ 9.91

Indianapolis MSA	<u>Avg. Weekly Earnings</u>		<u>Avg. Weekly Hours</u>		<u>Avg. Hourly Earnings</u>	
	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	Mar-07
Manufacturing	\$859.84	\$859.43	41.2	41.2	\$20.87	\$20.86
Durable Goods	\$944.38	\$943.95	43.4	43.4	\$21.76	\$21.75
Nondurable Goods	\$720.79	\$720.42	37.6	37.6	\$19.17	\$19.16
Retail Trade	\$363.56	\$363.87	31.1	31.1	\$11.69	\$11.70

Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

ANDERSON MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	42.1	42.0
Total Private	35.1	34.8
Goods Producing	6.3	6.4
Service-Providing	35.8	35.6
Private Service Providing	28.8	28.4
Mining & Construction	1.7	1.6
Manufacturing	4.6	4.8
Durable Goods	3.0	3.2
Motor Vehicle Parts	1.4	1.6
Trade, Transportation	9.0	8.9
Wholesale Trade	1.4	1.4
Retail Trade	5.6	5.5
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	2.0	2.0
Information	0.6	0.6
Financial Activities	1.7	1.7
Professional & Business	2.9	2.8
Educational & Health	8.0	8.0
Leisure & Hospitality	4.9	4.7
Other Services	1.7	1.7
Government	7.0	7.2
Federal Government	0.3	0.3
State Government	1.6	1.6
Local Government	5.1	5.3
Local Govt Education	2.6	2.8

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

BLOOMINGTON MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	83.9	83.0
Total Private	57.4	56.8
Goods Producing	13.7	13.5
Service-Providing	70.2	69.5
Private Service Providing	43.7	43.3
Mining & Construction	4.3	4.1
Manufacturing	9.4	9.4
Durable Goods	6.9	6.9
Trade, Transportation	12.5	12.6
Wholesale Trade	2.0	2.0
Retail Trade	8.9	9.0
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	1.6	1.6
Information	1.3	1.3
Financial Activities	2.9	2.9
Professional & Business	6.7	6.5
Educational & Health	9.4	9.5
Leisure & Hospitality	8.1	7.7
Other Services	2.8	2.8
Government	26.5	26.2
Federal Government	0.6	0.6
State Government	19.1	18.8
Local Government	6.8	6.8
Local Govt Education	3.7	3.7

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

COLUMBUS MSA

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	45.0	44.7
Total Private	39.1	38.8
Goods Producing	17.7	17.6
Service-Providing	27.3	27.1
Private Service Providing	21.4	21.2
Mining & Construction	1.6	1.5
Manufacturing	16.1	16.1
Durable Goods	13.8	13.8
Trade, Transportation	7.7	7.7
Wholesale Trade	1.2	1.2
Retail Trade	5.0	5.0
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	1.5	1.5
Information	0.4	0.4
Financial Activities	1.6	1.6
Professional & Business	3.9	3.8
Educational & Health	3.7	3.7
Leisure & Hospitality	2.9	2.8
Other Services	1.2	1.2
Government	5.9	5.9
Federal Government	0.2	0.2
State Government	0.9	0.9
Local Government	4.8	4.8
Local Govt Education	1.8	1.8

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

ELKHART-GOSHEN MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	130.3	129.6
Total Private	120.5	119.7
Goods Producing	66.4	66.2
Service-Providing	63.9	63.4
Private Service Providing	54.1	53.5
Mining & Construction	4.6	4.4
Manufacturing	61.8	61.8
Durable Goods	52.8	52.5
Transportation Equipment	31.1	31.0
Motor Vehicle Body	24.7	24.7
Furniture & Related	3.9	3.9
Trade, Transportation	19.0	18.8
Wholesale Trade	7.1	6.9
Retail Trade	9.4	9.4
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	2.5	2.5
Information	0.8	0.8
Financial Activities	3.2	3.2
Professional & Business	9.0	8.8
Educational & Health	10.9	10.9
Leisure & Hospitality	7.3	7.1
Food Services & Drinking	6.3	6.3
Other Services	3.9	3.9
Government	9.8	9.9
Federal Government	0.3	0.3
State Government	0.3	0.3
Local Government	9.2	9.3
Local Govt Education	6.5	6.6

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

EVANSVILLE, IN-KY MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	180.7	179.8
Total Private	162.8	161.9
Goods Producing	47.7	47.0
Service-Providing	133.0	132.8
Private Service Providing	115.1	114.9
Mining & Construction	14.0	13.2
Manufacturing	33.7	33.8
Durable Goods	19.1	19.1
Trade, Transportation	36.4	36.2
Wholesale Trade	7.8	7.7
Retail Trade	18.8	18.7
General Merchandise	3.8	3.9
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	9.8	9.8
Information	2.8	2.9
Financial Activities	6.2	6.2
Professional & Business	17.5	17.6
Educational & Health	27.8	27.9
Health Care & Social	23.3	23.3
Hospitals	9.1	9.2
Leisure & Hospitality	16.8	16.6
Food Services & Drinking	12.4	12.2
Other Services	7.6	7.5
Government	17.9	17.9
Federal Government	1.4	1.3
State Government	3.9	3.9
Local Government	12.6	12.7
Local Govt Education	7.1	7.2

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

FORT WAYNE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE

In thousands, not seasonally adjusted

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	218.9	216.7
Total Private	197.0	194.6
Goods Producing	49.4	48.4
Service-Providing	169.5	168.3
Private Service Providing	147.6	146.2
Mining & Construction	11.5	10.6
Manufacturing	37.9	37.8
Durable Goods	28.8	28.8
Computer & Electronic	4.6	4.6
Transportation Equipment	6.2	6.2
Trade, Transportation	47.2	47.0
Wholesale Trade	13.2	13.1
Retail Trade	23.1	23.0
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	10.9	10.9
Information	3.6	3.6
Financial Activities	11.9	12.0
Professional & Business	21.6	21.2
Educational & Health	35.6	35.4
Leisure & Hospitality	19.5	18.9
Food Services & Drinking	16.7	16.3
Other Services	8.2	8.1
Government	21.9	22.1
Federal Government	2.3	2.3
State Government	3.5	3.5
Local Government	16.1	16.3
Local Govt Education	9.4	9.7

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

GARY, IN METROPOLITAN DIVISION (of Chicago CSA)

INDUSTRY TITLE

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	281.0	279.4
Total Private	239.8	238.2
Goods Producing	57.6	57.4
Service-Providing	223.4	222.0
Private Service Providing	182.2	180.8
Natural Res & Mining	0.5	0.5
Construction	19.5	19.4
Manufacturing	37.6	37.5
Durable Goods	29.6	29.5
Primary Metal Manufacturing	18.3	18.3
Iron & Steel Mills	16.7	16.8
Trade, Transportation	60.1	59.9
Wholesale Trade	10.2	10.1
Retail Trade	35.3	35.3
General Merchandise	7.0	7.0
Other General Merchandise	3.6	3.6
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	14.6	14.5
Information	2.4	2.4
Financial Activities	9.9	9.9
Professional & Business	22.7	22.3
Employment Service	3.5	3.3
Educational & Health	44.0	43.8
Educational Services	7.6	7.6
Health Care & Social	36.4	36.2
General Medical & Surgical	11.4	11.3
Leisure & Hospitality	30.1	29.5
Arts, Entertainment & Rec	7.6	7.4
Food Services & Drinking	21.4	21.0
Other Services	13.0	13.0
Government	41.2	41.2
Federal Government	2.0	2.0
State Government	4.4	4.4
Local Government	34.8	34.8
Local Govt Education	19.0	19.2

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**Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN MSA
APRIL, 2007**

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	908.9	898.7
Total Private	790.1	779.8
Goods Producing	152.4	149.3
Service-Providing	756.5	749.4
Private Service Providing	637.7	630.5
Natural Res & Mining	0.8	0.7
Construction	52.1	49.5
Specialty Trade Contractors	32.9	31.7
Manufacturing	99.5	99.1
Durable Goods	62.5	62.1
Transportation Equipment	17.8	17.7
Motor Vehicle Parts Mfg.	10.4	10.4
Non-Durable Goods	37.0	37.0
Chemical Manufacturing	16.2	16.3
Trade, Transportation	196.2	195.4
Wholesale Trade	47.7	47.5
Merchant Wholesale	30.4	30.3
Retail Trade	96.9	96.6
Health & Personal Care	6.2	6.2
General Merchandise	20.2	20.6
Department Stores	6.6	6.9
Other General Merchandise	13.6	13.7
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	51.6	51.3
Transport & Warehousing	47.7	47.5
Information	16.2	16.1
Telecommunications	6.4	6.4
Wired Telecommunication	4.0	4.0
Financial Activities	63.0	62.8
Finance & Insurance	46.8	46.7
Insurance Carriers & Related	24.4	24.4
Insurance Carriers	17.2	17.2
Professional & Business	122.3	119.9
Prof, Scientific & Tech Serv	43.0	42.9
Management of Companies	11.0	10.8
Administrative & Support	68.3	66.2
Employment Service	36.8	36.2
Educational & Health	112.8	112.4
Health Care & Social	91.2	90.9
Ambulatory Health Care	34.3	34.3
Hospitals	31.5	31.5
Leisure & Hospitality	91.5	88.5
Accommodation & Food	77.6	76.5
Food Services & Drinking	69.5	68.3
Full-Service Restaurants	29.1	28.7
Limited-Service Eating	33.1	32.5
Other Services	35.7	35.4
Government	118.8	118.9
Federal Government	13.9	13.8
State Government	30.1	29.3
Local Government	74.8	75.8
Local Govt Education	41.6	42.2

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

KOKOMO MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	47.2	46.9
Total Private	39.7	39.3
Goods Producing	16.5	16.4
Service-Providing	30.7	30.5
Private Service Providing	23.2	22.9
Mining & Construction	1.3	1.3
Manufacturing	15.2	15.1
Durable Goods	14.2	14.2
Transportation Equipment	11.6	11.6
Trade, Transportation	7.7	7.6
Wholesale Trade	1.0	1.0
Retail Trade	5.9	5.8
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	0.8	0.8
Information	0.4	0.4
Financial Activities	1.4	1.4
Professional & Business	3.2	3.2
Educational & Health	3.9	3.9
Leisure & Hospitality	4.3	4.1
Other Services	2.3	2.3
Government	7.5	7.6
Local Government	6.2	6.3
Local Govt Education	2.7	2.8

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

LAFAYETTE MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	95.3	94.0
Total Private	67.5	66.5
Goods Producing	21.9	21.5
Service-Providing	73.4	72.5
Private Service Providing	45.6	45.0
Mining & Construction	3.7	3.6
Manufacturing	18.2	17.9
Durable Goods	14.0	13.7
Non-Durable Goods	4.2	4.2
Trade, Transportation	14.7	14.6
Wholesale Trade	2.0	2.0
Retail Trade	10.5	10.4
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	2.2	2.2
Information	1.0	1.1
Financial Activities	3.7	3.6
Professional & Business	5.1	5.0
Educational & Health	9.5	9.5
Leisure & Hospitality	8.6	8.3
Accommodation & Food	8.2	8.0
Other Services	3.0	2.9
Government	27.8	27.5
Federal Government	0.7	0.7
State Government	20.4	20.0
Local Government	6.7	6.8
Local Govt Education	4.2	4.3

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

MICHIGAN CITY-LA PORTE MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	47.1	46.7
Total Private	39.4	39.0
Goods Producing	11.6	11.5
Service-Providing	35.5	35.2
Private Service Providing	27.8	27.5
Mining & Construction	2.2	2.1
Manufacturing	9.4	9.4
Trade, Transportation	9.2	9.1
Wholesale Trade	1.4	1.3
Retail Trade	5.9	5.9
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	1.9	1.9
Information	0.7	0.7
Financial Activities	1.3	1.3
Professional & Business	2.9	2.8
Educational & Health	6.5	6.6
Leisure & Hospitality	5.4	5.2
Other Services	1.8	1.8
Government	7.7	7.7
Federal Government	0.2	0.2
State Government	2.6	2.6
Local Government	4.9	4.9
Local Govt Education	2.9	3.0

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

MUNCIE MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	54.1	53.8
Total Private	41.4	40.9
Goods Producing	7.9	7.7
Service-Providing	46.2	46.1
Private Service Providing	33.5	33.2
Mining & Construction	2.3	2.2
Manufacturing	5.6	5.5
Trade, Transportation	9.1	9.1
Wholesale Trade	1.2	1.2
Retail Trade	6.8	6.8
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	1.1	1.1
Information	0.5	0.5
Financial Activities	2.0	2.0
Professional & Business	5.2	5.1
Educational & Health	9.2	9.2
Leisure & Hospitality	5.6	5.4
Other Services	1.9	1.9
Government	12.7	12.9
State Government	8.1	8.3
Local Government	4.2	4.2
Local Govt Education	2.5	2.5

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

SOUTH BEND-MISHAWAKA, IN-MI MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	145.1	144.8
Total Private	127.6	126.9
Goods Producing	27.4	26.8
Service-Providing	117.7	118.0
Private Service Providing	100.2	100.1
Mining & Construction	6.4	6.1
Manufacturing	21.0	20.7
Transportation Equipment	5.8	5.6
Trade, Transportation	28.9	28.8
Wholesale Trade	7.9	7.8
Retail Trade	16.2	16.3
General Merchandise	3.4	3.4
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	4.8	4.7
Information	2.2	2.2
Financial Activities	7.2	7.2
Professional & Business	12.6	12.5
Educational & Health	31.4	31.5
Hospitals	6.1	6.1
Leisure & Hospitality	12.3	12.3
Food Services & Drinking	9.9	10.0
Other Services	5.6	5.6
Government	17.5	17.9
Federal Government	1.2	1.2
State Government	2.5	2.6
Local Government	13.8	14.1

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Nonagricultural Establishment MSA Employment in Indiana

APRIL, 2007

TERRE HAUTE MSA

TITLE	Apr-07	Mar-07
Total Nonfarm	75.2	74.7
Total Private	61.7	61.1
Goods Producing	16.2	15.9
Service-Providing	59.0	58.8
Private Service Providing	45.5	45.2
Mining & Construction	3.6	3.4
Manufacturing	12.6	12.5
Trade, Transportation	13.9	13.9
Wholesale Trade	1.7	1.7
Retail Trade	9.5	9.4
Trans,Warehouse, Utilities	2.7	2.8
Information	0.8	0.8
Financial Activities	2.6	2.6
Professional & Business	5.5	5.3
Educational & Health	12.7	12.8
Leisure & Hospitality	7.2	7.0
Other Services	2.8	2.8
Government	13.5	13.6
Federal Government	1.6	1.5
State Government	4.5	4.7
Local Government	7.4	7.4
Local Govt Education	4.2	4.2

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

About Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas

The United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan and Micropolitan statistical areas according to published standards that are applied to Census Bureau data. The general concept of a metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area is that of a core area containing a substantial population nucleus, together with adjacent communities having a high degree of economic and social integration with that core. Currently defined metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas are based on application of 2000 standards (which appeared in the *Federal Register* on December 27, 2000) to 2000 decennial census data. Current metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area definitions were announced by OMB effective June 6, 2003.

Standard definitions of metropolitan areas were first issued in 1949 by the then Bureau of the Budget (predecessor of OMB), under the designation "standard metropolitan area" (SMA). The term was changed to "standard metropolitan statistical area" (SMSA) in 1959, and to "metropolitan statistical area" (MSA) in 1983. The term "metropolitan area" (MA) was adopted in 1990 and referred collectively to metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs), and primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs). The term "core based statistical area" (CBSA) became effective in 2000 and refers collectively to metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. OMB has been responsible for the official metropolitan areas since they were first defined, except for the period 1977 to 1981, when they were the responsibility of the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, Department of Commerce. The standards for defining metropolitan areas were modified in 1958, 1971, 1975, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

Defining Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas

The 2000 standards provide that each CBSA must contain at least one urban area of 10,000 or more population. Each metropolitan statistical area must have at least one urbanized area of 50,000 or more inhabitants. Each micropolitan statistical area must have at least one urban cluster of at least 10,000 but less than 50,000 population.

Under the standards, the county (or counties) in which at least 50 percent of the population resides within urban areas of 10,000 or more population, or that contain at least 5,000 people residing within a single urban area of 10,000 or more population, is identified as a "central county" (counties). Additional "outlying counties" are included in the CBSA if they meet specified requirements of commuting to or from the central counties. Counties or equivalent entities form the geographic "building blocks" for metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas throughout the United States and Puerto Rico.

If specified criteria are met, a metropolitan statistical area containing a single core with a population of 2.5 million or more may be subdivided to form smaller groupings of counties referred to as "metropolitan divisions."

As of June 6, 2000, there are 362 metropolitan statistical areas and 560 micropolitan statistical areas in the United States. In addition, there are 8 metropolitan statistical areas and 5 micropolitan statistical areas in Puerto Rico.

Principal Cities and Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Titles

The largest city in each metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area is designated a "principal city." Additional cities qualify if specified requirements are met concerning population size and employment. The title of each metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area consists of the names of up to three of its principal cities and the name of each state into which the metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area extends. Titles of metropolitan divisions also typically are based on principal city names but in certain cases consist of county names.

Changes in Definitions over Time

Changes in the definitions of these statistical areas since the 1950 census have consisted chiefly of:

- the recognition of new areas as they reached the minimum required city or urbanized area population, and
- the addition of counties (or cities and towns in New England) to existing areas as new decennial census data showed them to qualify.

In some instances, formerly separate areas have been merged, components of an area have been transferred from one area to another, or components have been dropped from an area. The large majority of changes have taken place on the basis of decennial census data. However, Census Bureau data serve as the basis for intercensal updates in specified circumstances.

Because of these historical changes in geographic definitions, users must be cautious in comparing data for these statistical areas from different dates. For some purposes, comparisons of data for areas as defined at given dates may be appropriate; for other purposes, it may be preferable to maintain consistent area definitions. Historical metropolitan area definitions are available for 1999, 1993, 1990, 1983, 1981, 1973, 1970, 1963, 1960, and 1950.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Population Distribution Branch

Department of Research & Analysis Websites, Appendix A

DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH & ANALYSIS INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Department of Research & Analysis site with links to economic statistics, career and job sites.
<http://www.hoosierdata.in.gov>

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

DWD site with information on workforce development programs, unemployment insurance, and the Workforce Investment Act.
<http://www.in.gov/dwd>

STATE OF INDIANA

Provides links to the Governor, State agencies, legislature, with public information,
<http://state.in.us>

STATS INDIANA INDIANA BUSINESS RESEARCH CENTER KELLEY SCHOOL OF BUSINESS, INDIANA UNIVERSITY

Statistical information about Indiana on a variety of economic subjects.
<http://stats.indiana.edu>

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Statistical data relating to the U. S. economy including employment, unemployment, consumer price index, and much more.
<http://stats.bls.gov>

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Economic data and analysis at the regional, national and international levels.
<http://www.bea.doc.gov>

CENSUS BUREAU

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Information regarding the people and the economy of the United States.
<http://www.census.gov>

Links to Internet sites are provided for your convenience and do not constitute an endorsement.

Technical Notes, Appendix B

Employment estimates for nonagricultural industries are derived from a monthly survey of over 7,700 employing establishments and include full-time and part-time wage and salaried workers who worked or received pay for the pay period including the 12th of the month. Current month estimates may be revised slightly if additional data received in the following month warrants a change and may be revised when new benchmarks are constructed annually. Industry employment is coded under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System. Due to rounding, the sum of individual industry items may not equal totals.

The statewide employment, hours, and earnings estimates contain data submitted by employers representing all 92 Indiana counties. Participating employers report "all employees", "nonsupervisory workers", and gross payroll and hour's data for the pay period including the 12th of the reference month. "All employees" include salaried officials of corporations; executives and their staffs; persons on paid vacation, paid sick leave, other paid leave; part time employees and trainees. Excluded from "all employees" are proprietors, pensioners, unpaid family workers, partners of unincorporated firms, persons on strike the entire pay period, persons on unpaid leave the entire pay period, armed forces personnel on active duty the entire pay period, outside contractors to the reporting unit (and the contractor's employees), domestic workers, and persons employed on farms. "Nonsupervisory workers" include every employee except those whose major responsibility is to supervise, plan, or direct the work of others. Employment estimates are calculated from the "all employees" data submitted by employers. Hours and earnings estimates are calculated from payroll and hours worked data reported for "nonsupervisory workers."

Average earnings are gross and are affected by premium pay for overtime, incentive rates, shift differentials, and changes in basic hourly rates. Figures cover production workers in manufacturing and mining industries, nonsupervisory construction workers, and nonsupervisory employees in other industry divisions. Earnings averages include premium pay for overtime, holidays, and late shift work.

The statewide hours and earnings tables do not include a summary line for "*SERVICE PRODUCING*". The *SERVICE PRODUCING* line must be excluded because hours and earnings data are not available for: railroads; airlines; holding and investing offices; private schools; museums, art galleries, zoological and botanical gardens; federal, state and local government. Data for these industries are either not collected or we are unable to generate reliable estimates due to inadequate sample. Tables of average weekly earnings, average weekly hours and average hourly earnings for the local areas do not contain estimates for "*GOODS PRODUCING*". The *GOODS PRODUCING* line, at this level of detail, lacks data for mining and construction in each of the estimating areas.

The scope of the estimates for employment, hours, and earnings produced for the eleven statistical areas is the same as the statewide scope, except the estimates for each respective area contain data only for the counties in that area. For reference to the counties in each statistical area, please refer to the map.